

THEME EATING DISORDER

Learnings from
serious case
Review 2020-2022
BHF



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The details from the case are from the coroner's review

- This case highlights the complexity of eating disorder patients seen in primary care.
- Learning from such cases is to be shared following a coroner review



Summary of Evidence

Bariatric Surgery 2015 – History

- Pt X had a history of Mental Health and food related issues dating back to 2010. Pt X was assessed and had bariatric surgery in 2015 as Pt X was overweight (101kg) with a BMI of 44.1
- Pt X had reported trying a number of diets but nothing had enabled them to lose weight and was in the category of being morbidly obese prior to surgery
- Pt X attended a Weight Loss Surgery Seminar
- Booked for gastric bypass surgery 2015



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Bariatric Surgery

- No psychological support was available for these patients before or after this surgery
- Pt X attended 5 Month review after surgery . The weight was 35kg and c/o occasional nausea
- Further post surgical review November 2015 Pt X Did Not Attend



Mental Health Assessment 2018

- Pt X had mental health difficulties over a number of years
- Pt X was seen by a Mental Health Professional in October 2018
- Pt X disputed that they were limiting their food intake in the appointment with the Mental Health Nurse
- Pt X denied restriction of diet



Mental Health Assessment 2018

- The Registered Mental Health Nurse was not concerned about Pt's Mental Health in terms of a risk of harming themselves or others
- The RMHN did not consider an eating disorder within the scope of issues they were considering at the time.
- Pt X was referred to IAPT
- Review showed Pt X never attended IAPT Appt



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Primary Care and Overall Health

- Pt X had a very complex health picture
- A collision between mental and physical Health conditions
- Pt X omitted information to health professionals



Primary Care and Overall Health

- The Majority of Pt X's care fell to the General Practice
- General Practice is by nature not specialised and clinicians are required to refer into other services when support is needed
- Coroner made no criticism of General Practice for failing to expertly managing a complex picture and complex conditions such as Pt X
- However, they referenced a disparate view of the staff dealing with Pt X



Primary Care and Overall Health

- The ACP with MH qualifications also who was seeing the patient had a working diagnosis that Pt X had an eating disorder
- The ACP did record in PT's record weight and calorie intake but the evidence received was that this was entered as free text in the record
- The ACP did not record her perception that Pt X may have an eating disorder
- The GP formed a view that the weight loss was due to a physical cause and did not consider an eating disorder



Dietician Review

- The dietetics referral did not go through a risk -based triage process in dietetics. There was no process at that time.
- It was over one month after the GP referred PT X to the dietician, before they were given an appt
- Pt X had attended the appointment with their mother and was open in the discussion about their relationship with food being a difficult one
- Pt X also confirmed that they were terrified of returning to original weight if they did not control their food intake.



Hospital Investigations / Admission

- Pt X was Referred by GP into what is known as the two week wait pathway for Gastrointestinal Investigations. They did not make any appt
- Pt X condition became critical 19 July 2019 admitted to hospital High Dependency Unit and treated for dehydration, electrolyte disturbance, acute liver injury and a critically low BMI, transferred to the Gastroenterology ward
- Pt was referred and seen by the mental health teams 22 July 2019 having received a referral on 19 July 2019 from Barnsley Hospital. Pt X was too unwell to be assessed by the Mental Health Team.



Medical Cause of Death

On the basis of the documentation in hospital the Dr completing death cert has read and a belief that Pt X had been diagnosed with or at least there was a working diagnosis of Anorexia Nervosa.

- On reflection the Dr amended Medical cause of death to delete anorexia Nervosa and record instead:
 - 1a. Hypovolaemic shock due to acute upper gastrointestinal bleeding
 - 1b. Stress ulceration due to critical illness
 - 2. Previous laparoscopic bariatric surgery, acute liver injury, multiple electrolyte abnormalities due to malnutrition of unknown cause and gastroenteritis



Case Review

- Dietician letter follow up was not acted upon
- Communication and discussion was key in the team
- Referral to dietician by GP documenting the patient's weight
- Failure to see Pt X had not attended IAPT appts 7 months after referral
- Failure to consider the whole picture
- Dietician referral and wait too long
- Dietician missed conversation documentation
- Lack of significant concern reflected to GP in dieticians letter



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Learnings from the case

- By the time Pt X is admitted to hospital her condition is grave
- Pt X needed Mental Health support but her condition was too poorly to receive this.



Final Conclusion - Coroner

- Having considered all of the above the coroner was unable to conclude whether any of these missed opportunities, had they been different; would have led to a different outcome for Pt X
- Pt X did appear to engage with appointments that were attended. All those who saw Pt X confirm that Pt X was engaged with not just the appointment but also the following treatment plans
- There is a history of Pt X not attending appointments or follow ups however the reason for this non-attendance has not been set out in evidence
- I cannot allow myself to speculate as to what might have happened had Pt X been provided with different services and therefore whilst I have identified missed opportunities to offer Pt X the best possible care. I cannot stretch that finding to determine that this contributed to Pt X Death